

NOTICE OF INTENT TO OBJECT TO PROCEEDING

When following the objection to a unanimous consent to proceeding to, and, or passage of, a measure or matter on their behalf, a Senator has notified the appropriate leader, or their designee, in writing and submits such objection for inclusion in the Congressional Record and the Senate Calendar of Business, it shall be placed in the section of the Calendar entitled "Notice of Intent to Object to Proceeding". (Sec. 512, P.L. 110–81)

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE AND SENATOR
S. 223	A bill to require Senate candidates to file designations, statements, and reports in electronic form.	Oct. 2, 2007.—Mrs. Feinstein.

RESOLUTIONS AND MOTIONS OVER, UNDER THE RULE

When objection is heard to immediate consideration of a resolution or motion when submitted, it shall be placed here, to be laid before the Senate on the next legislative day for consideration, unless by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct. (Rule XIV, Paragraph 6.)

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE SUBMITTED AND AUTHOR

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS READ THE FIRST TIME

When objection is heard to the second reading of a bill or joint resolution, that measure is then laid before the Senate during morning business of the next legislative day for the second reading. (Rule XIV, Paragraph 2.)

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE AND AUTHOR
S. 3526	A bill to enhance drug trafficking interdiction by creating a Federal felony relating to operating or embarking in submersible or semi-submersible vessel without nationality and on an international voyage.	Sept. 18, 2008.—Mr. Reid for Mr. Biden
H.R. 6842	An act to restore Second Amendment rights in the District of Columbia.	Sept. 18, 2008.
H.R. 6899	An act to advance the national security interests of the United States by reducing its dependency on oil through renewable and clean, alternative fuel technologies while building a bridge to the future through expanded access to Federal oil and natural gas resources, revising the relationship between the oil and gas industry and the consumers who own those resources and deserve a fair return from the development of publicly owned oil and gas, ending tax subsidies for large oil and gas companies, and facilitating energy efficiencies in the building, housing, and transportation sectors, and for other purposes.	Sept. 18, 2008.